**2169. Count Operations to Obtain Zero**

Easy

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You are given two **non-negative** integers num1 and num2.

In one **operation**, if num1 >= num2, you must subtract num2 from num1, otherwise subtract num1 from num2.

* For example, if num1 = 5 and num2 = 4, subtract num2 from num1, thus obtaining num1 = 1 and num2 = 4. However, if num1 = 4 and num2 = 5, after one operation, num1 = 4 and num2 = 1.

Return *the****number of operations****required to make either* num1 = 0 *or* num2 = 0.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** num1 = 2, num2 = 3

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:**

- Operation 1: num1 = 2, num2 = 3. Since num1 < num2, we subtract num1 from num2 and get num1 = 2, num2 = 3 - 2 = 1.

- Operation 2: num1 = 2, num2 = 1. Since num1 > num2, we subtract num2 from num1.

- Operation 3: num1 = 1, num2 = 1. Since num1 == num2, we subtract num2 from num1.

Now num1 = 0 and num2 = 1. Since num1 == 0, we do not need to perform any further operations.

So the total number of operations required is 3.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** num1 = 10, num2 = 10

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:**

- Operation 1: num1 = 10, num2 = 10. Since num1 == num2, we subtract num2 from num1 and get num1 = 10 - 10 = 0.

Now num1 = 0 and num2 = 10. Since num1 == 0, we are done.

So the total number of operations required is 1.

**Constraints:**

* 0 <= num1, num2 <= 105